



PARTNERSHIP cross-border cooperation









PARTNERSHIP AND CROSS-BORDER COOPERATION

partnership

['paːtnəʃɪp], noun*

the state or condition of being a partner, formal or unformal union of persons or organizations closely involved in some way

Synonyms:

cooperation, union, connection, friendship





PARTNERSHIP AND CROSS-BORDER COOPERATION

partnership

formal union of institutions created in order to implement a project, according to officially established cooperation principles and procedures for collaboration in compliance with Programme requirements

Rules concerning partnership

- The partnership should include at least 1 partner from each side of the border region acting in full spirit of cooperation
- THE PARTNERSHIP should be constituted upon an agreement formally signed by all partners. The **Project Partnership Agreement** stipulates the rights and duties of the parties and establishes the principle of the Lead Partner
- The partnership is officially represented by the **Lead Partner**, appointed among all project partners and entitled with certain obligations before the Managing Authority for general coordination, management and implementation of the project
- THE PARTNERSHIP should not consist of more than **5 partners** including the Lead Partner.
- THE PARTNERSHIP should comprise of partners meeting certain eligibility criteria





PARTNERSHIP AND CROSS-BORDER COOPERATION



Only 1 project proposal may be submitted by an organization as a Lead Partner

In case an organization/institution submits a proposal as a Lead Partner, it can be a partner in no more than 2 other projects



No more than 3 project proposals may be submitted by an organization as a Partner

In case an organization/institution does not submit a project as a Lead Partner it can participate as a partner in no more than 3 projects



If these limitations to Partnership are not observed all project proposals submitted by the partners will be rejected





ELIGIBILITY OF APPLICANTS

Lead Partner and Partners should be cumulatively

Legally established organizations (legal persons) according to the national legislation of the state on whose territory they are located

Registered in the eligible cross-border region between Bulgaria and Turkey

Non-profit making organizations

Directly responsible for the preparation and management of the action, not acting as an intermediary

Partners are also considered **ineligible to participate in the Call for proposals** if fall into any of the categories listed in p. 2.5.1.1, 2) of the Guidelines for applicants such as **bankruptcy, insolvency, breach of obligations related to taxes or social security**

Exceptions to Eligibility rules





• In case according to legal acts the area of competence of national/regional public authorities extends to the eligible area of the Programme, or structures of central public authorities located in the eligible cross border region cannot be registered as legal entities the central authority shall be the project partner



LEAD PARTNER PRINCIPLE

Lead Partner

Prior to submission of the project proposal a Lead partner is appointed among all project partners for each project.

The Lead partner is the **official representative** of the partnership and carries certain responsibilities towards the partners and the Programme. The key role of the Lead partner is formally **established and agreed upon by all project partners** in the Project Partnership Agreement

Lead Partner should be registered

within the eligible border region between Bulgaria and Turkey



at least 12 months before the deadline for submission of the project proposal

Lead Partner tasks include at least

- signing the Subsidy contract and any further addenda with the MA
- laying down arrangements with other partners that guarantee project implementation and financial management
- collecting and checking the information from project partners and reporting
- ensuring that **expenditures have incurred** in implementing project activities
- transferring budget amounts to the partners according to verified costs





PROJECT PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

Project Partnership Agreement is a document that

- specifies the **requirements for the parties** for correct project management
- establishes the **rights and responsibilities** of all partners
- settles rules for cooperation with bodies external for the project
- guarantees sound financial management of project funds
- arranges obligations for **recovering granted subsidy** in cases of unduly paid amounts

Project Partnership Agreement is

legal



arrangement that should be signed by all partners with utmost awareness



Project Partnership Agreement template (Annex 2) is enclosed to the **Guidelines for Applicants**

Project Partnership Agreement template is indicating the **minimum requirements** for the content of the Project Partnership Agreement

Partners may decide to add additional provisions and extend in more details the agreement for their project





CROSS-BORDER IMPACT

cooperation

cross-border **impact**

territorial cohesion

Cross-border impact is ensured when

- The project provides tangible results in the cross-border area in both countries
- The project delivers benefits not only for the project partners but also for the cross-border target groups and the Programme area
- Project activities are designed for facing **specific needs and restraints** of the border region
- The project outputs gain additional added value for the cross-border area
- The project implementation enhances cross-border cooperation
- The project proposal contributes to strengthening collaboration capacity
- The project encourages cross-border approach and influences overcoming regional divergences
- Project objectives address **territorial cohesion** strategies at Programme/national/regional level

How is cross-border impact measured?



COOPERATION CRITERIA

Cross-border impact is respecting at least 3 of the following criteria

Joint development

common creation and design by incorporating in one project proposal the ideas, priorities and needs of stakeholders from both sides of the cross-border region

Joint implementation

connected, closely linked and coordinated by project partners from both sides of the border activities that ensure constant cross-border contact

Joint staffing

project management carried by one project team with members nominated by all project partners and responsible for actions on both sides of the border

Joint financing

common financial arrangement of project implementation - one project budget divided between partners according to activities, one bank account for the EU contribution



Establishing a partnership among organizations from the two countries brings a cross-border character to the project but **is not enough only by itself** to ensure the direct cross-border impact



one by choice





PARTNERSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Developing your partnership you need to consider

What are Programme's requirements for the Partnership?

Which partners are needed to achieve project objectives and results?

Eligibility of partners

Stick strictly to the Rules for Partnership, Eligibility of Partners and Eligibility of Applicants set in the Guidelines for the Call for proposals

Partnership size

Partnership size impacts the **efficiency of project implementation**. Larger partnerships require more coordination in reporting and financial management. Small partnerships may lack capacity. Consider critically each partner's abilities

Partnership composition

Partners should have the necessary expertise and knowledge to contribute to the project. **Similar expertise** helps to ensure efficient implementation of activities in each partner country and address similar problems. Partners with **different expertise** can complement each other so that the skills of one partner match the needs of other partners





PARTNERSHIP AND PROJECT IDEA

Mind the Rules of the Call for Proposals



Projects will be financed after competitive selection

High priority will be given to projects contributing to Programme output indicators, that have not been achieved



PA 1 Environment



Possible actions

Cooperation initiatives in the field of marine litter reduction

Supply of equipment for protecting/preserving/monitoring the ecosystems and for control of pollution

Coordinated actions aiming restoration of the natural processes in protected areas

Development of joint plans for preservation of protected areas based on innovative concepts

Joint initiatives for effective management of protected areas

Specific Objective 1.2

OI.1.2.4 Number of joint initiatives addressing preservation of marine and coastal environment (incl. litter reduction)

OI.1.2.5 Number of joint management plans/coordinated specific conservation activities for protected areas

'Unreached' Indicators





PARTNERSHIP AND PROJECT IDEA



PA 2 Sustainable Tourism

Specific Objective 2.1

OI.2.1.1 Total length of reconstructed or upgraded access roads to natural, cultural and historic tourism sites

OI.2.1.2 Total length of newly built, reconstructed upgraded cycling or routes/walking paths

Number of newly built/ OI.2.1.3 reconstructed facilities in/leading to touristic sites

OT.2.1.4 Number of reconstructed/ restored cultural and historical touristic sites

Specific Objective 2.2

OI.2.2.5 Number of people involved in training and capacity building activities in the field of sustainable tourism

Specific Objective 2.3

OI.2.3.2 Number of public awareness initiatives promoting sustainable use of natural, historical and cultural heritage and resources



Investments for accessibility to touristic sites - access roads, cycling routes, walking paths

Upgrade of public utilities on tourism sites - electricity, watersupply, sewerage

Investments for restoration and conservation of touristic sites

Possible actions

Training and consultancy support for touristic organizations to improve their products, services, performance and staff skills

Joint public activities for promotion of common tourist destinations in the border region





PARTNER SEARCH







PARTNER SEARCH







PARTNERSHIP ASSESSMENT

Your Partnership will be evaluated



ADMINISTRATIVE AND ELIGIBILITY CHECK



Your project proposal will be checked for compliance with certain administrative and eligibility criteria deriving from the partnership you have created

The project proposal continues to next stage of assessment only if all criteria are met

Criteria for administrative and eligibility compliance related to partnership

Does the partnership include **at least one partner from each side** of the cross-border region is involved?

Is the requirement for the **maximum number** of participations of an organization as a Lead partner or project partner satisfied?

Is the Lead partner registered **at least 12 months** before the deadline for submission of project proposals?

Do all project partners incl. the Lead partner meet the **eligibility criteria** defined in Section 2.5.1 of the Guidelines for Applicants?

Are at least 3 of the cooperation criteria clearly fulfilled by the project proposal? Is the mandatory cooperation in joint development and in joint implementation included?





PARTNERSHIP ASSESSMENT



at the stage of **TECHNICAL AND QUALITY ASSESSMENT**



External assessors will rate the capacity of your partnership. The maximum points awarded can be 15 out of 100 i.e. weight of 15% in the overall score

Partnership capacity check includes

Competence of project partners to implement the project activities

Composition of the partnership in relevance to the proposed project

Experience of project partners in project management of public funded projects, especially in the field addressed by the project

Project partners resources – **financial status, staff, equipment**

Project content, budget and consistency with the Programme will be estimated compared to partnership's capacity considering

Focus of activities on joint initiatives and finding common solutions

Coherence with Programme objectives and contribution to territorial cooperation

Level of involvement and participation of project partners in activities

Compliance between activities and partners competences and expertise

Breakdown of project budget between partners

Ability of project partners **to ensure** institutional and financial **sustainability** of project results



PARTNERSHIP AND PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION



IMPLEMENT

Project partners carry common tasks with the aim to deliver project outputs

MONITOR

Project partners report to the Lead partner who informs programme bodies for project progress

MANAGE

Project partners inform the partnership for deviations and estimate the impact of modifications. Identify and assess risks, and apply risk management actions

COMMUNICATE

Project partners regularly exchange status information and plan next activities

Project implementation depends on the level of coordination between partners and the quality of partnering relationship



PARTNERSHIP AND PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION



Working with different cultures and languages

share experiences and establish a way of working together



Working remotely

modern technologies help but do not replace face-to-face contacts in building trust



Meeting requirements

develop knowledge for the Programme requirements - reporting, control, audit



Need of own funds

financial resources to pre-finance project costs until reimbursement of expenditures



Building a partnership from the start requires more time and work but completely new partnerships can develop and successfully deliver projects



PARTNERSHIP AND PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION

Partnership modifications

Inactive partners or partners that fail to fulfil their obligations may threaten project implementation and the partnership be forced to exclude the partner

Project partner may decide to leave the partnership because he didn't have clear idea of partner's obligations at application



In any cases dropping out of a partner is a high impact risk for project implementation and leads to serious administrative implications

Is there still a viable cooperation partnership

Do any new organizations comply to programme requirements?

Is there a need the project to be reconsidered by programme authorities?

Irregularities

Partners are liable for irregularities in the declared by them expenditures. In case of suspicion of irregularity the reimbursement of project funds by the programme is terminated until final decision





PARTNERSHIP AND SUSTAINABILITY

Partnership continues after project end

Project partners have to ensure sustainability of project results for

for soft measures

vears

for investment measures

Project partners responsibilities

Availability web-site, equipment and assets exist, services are provided Use assets are used as intended, strategies & plans are applied gained assets are in good condition **Publicity** Programme visibility rules are respected **Archive** project records are kept for audit purposes





PARTNERSHIP AND CROSS-BORDER IMPACT

Partnership



may seem an easy undertaking ...



but may become a great challenge!

It is important who will accompany you in project implementation



On the quality of your partnership depends the success of your project

The choice of a partner is more important than the project idea itself

Effective partnership will be your strategy to cope with problems during project implementation



Thank you for your attention

